IN THE UNITE	D STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE D	ISTRICT OF DELAWARE
)
MCKESSON AUTOMATION, INC.)
a Delaware Corporation,)
)
Plaintiff,) Civil Action No. 1:06CV 028-MPT
)
V.)
)
TRANSLOGIC CORPORATION)
a Delaware Corporation, and	,
a Delaware Corporation, and)
CWICCI OC ITALIA C D A)
SWISSLOG ITALIA S.P.A.)
an Italian Corporation,)
)
Defendants.)
)

PLAINTIFF MCKESSON AUTOMATION, INC.'S NOTICE OF SUBPOENA ISSUED TO JOHN MAHONEY

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE THAT, pursuant to Rule 45 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, Plaintiff McKesson Automation, Inc. ("McKesson") has issued the attached subpoena, with a deposition date of June 18, 2007, on John Mahoney.

BLANK ROME LLP

Dale R. Dubé (#2863) Chase Manhattan Centre 1201 Market Street, Suite 800 Wilmington, DE 19801

Tel: (302) 425-6472 Fax: (302) 425-6464

Dated this 3rd day of May, 2007.

Blair M. Jacobs Robert A. Gutkin Christina A. Ondrick SUTHERLAND ASBILL & BRENNAN LLP 1275 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW Washington, DC 20004 Tel: (202) 383-0100

Fax: (202) 637-3593

Counsel for Plaintiff
McKesson Automation, Inc.

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on this 3rd day of May, 2007, I caused a true and correct copy of the foregoing of PLAINTIFF MCKESSON AUTOMATION INC.'S NOTICE OF SUBPOENA ISSUED TO JOHN MAHONEY to be served upon the following counsel of record as indicated:

Via E-mail and First Class Mail

Julia Heaney, Esq. Morris, Nichols, Arsht & Tunnell 1201 North Market Street P.O. Box 1347 Wilmington, DE 19899

Via E-mail and First Class Mail

Lawrence C. Drucker, Esq. Alfred R. Fabricant, Esq. Richard LaCava, Esq. DICKSTEIN SHAPIRO MORIN & OSHINSKY LLP 1177 Avenue of the Americas New York, NY 10036

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TAB A

Issued	by the	
United States I	DISTRICT COURT	Γ
DISTRI	CT OF	South Carolina
McKesson Automation, Inc. V.	SUBPOENA IN A	A CIVIL CASE
Translogic Corporation and Swisslog Italia S.p.A.	Case Number: 1 06	6-028 (MPT)
TO: John Mahoney 113 Chicora Point St. Helena Island, SC 29920		
☐ YOU ARE COMMANDED to appear in the United States testify in the above case.	s District court at the place, o	late, and time specified below to
PLACE OF TESTIMONY		COURTROOM
		DATE AND TIME
YOU ARE COMMANDED to appear at the place, date, as in the above case.	nd time specified below to te	stify at the taking of a deposition
PLACE OF DEPOSITION Howell Gibson & Hughes, P.A. 25 Rue Du Bois Lady's Island, Beaufort, SC	29907	DATE AND TIME 6/18/2007 9:00 am
☐ YOU ARE COMMANDED to produce and permit inspec place, date, and time specified below (list documents or o		wing documents or objects at the
PLACE		DATE AND TIME
☐ YOU ARE COMMANDED to permit inspection of the fo	ollowing premises at the dat	e and time specified below.
PREMISES		DATE AND TIME
Any organization not a party to this suit that is subpoenaed for t directors, or managing agents, or other persons who consent to testi matters on which the person will testify. Federal Rules of Civil Pro	fy on its behalf, and may set fo	
isson officer's signature and title (indicate if attorney for the signature and the si	OR PLAINTIFF OR DEFENDANT)	DATE 4/30/2007
ISSUING OFFICER'S NAME, ADDRESS AND PHONE NUMBER Christina Ondrick Sutherland Asbill & Brennan LLP - 1275 Pennsylvania Ave.,	NW. Washington. DC 20004	1 202.383.0100
(See Rule 45, Federal Rules of Civil Procedure		

¹ If action is pending in district other than district of issuance, state district under case number.

AO88 (Rev. 12/06) Subpoena in a Civil C	ase	NAME OF TAXABLE PARTY OF TAXABLE PARTY.	
PROOF OF SERVICE			
	DATE	PLACE	
SERVED			
SERVED ON (PRINT NAME)		MANNER OF SERVICE	
SERVED BY (PRINT NAME)		TITLE	
SERVED DI (IRINI COMIL)			
	DECL	ARATION OF SERVER	,
I declare under penalty of per in the Proof of Service is true as	jury under the laws ond correct.	of the United States of America that the foregoing information cont	ained
Executed on			
	DATE	SIGNATURE OF SERVER	
		ADDRESS OF SERVER	
		ADDRESS OF SERVER	

Rule 45, Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, Subdivisions (c), (d), and (e), as amended on December 1, 2006:

(c) PROTECTION OF PERSONS SUBJECT TO SUBPOENAS.

(1) A party or an attorney responsible for the issuance and service of a subpoena shall take reasonable steps to avoid imposing undue burden or expense on a person subject to that subpoena. The court on behalf of which the subpoena was issued shall enforce this duty and impose upon the party or attorney in breach of this duty an appropriate sanction, which may include, but is not limited to, lost earnings and a reasonable attorney's fee.

(2) (A) A person commanded to produce and permit inspection, copying, testing, or sampling of designated electronically stored information, books, papers, documents or tangible things, or inspection of premises need not appear in person at the place of production or inspection unless commanded to appear for deposition, hearing or trial.

(B) Subject to paragraph (d)(2) of this rule, a person commanded to produce and permit inspection, copying, testing, or sampling may, within 14 days after service of the subpocan or before the time specified for compliance if such time is test than 14 days after service, serve upon the party or attorney designated in the subpocan written objection to producing any or all of the designated materials or inspection of the premises—or to producing electronically stored information in the form or forms requested. If objection is made, the party serving the subpocan shall not be entitled to inspect, copy, test, or sample the materials or inspect the premises except pursuant to an order of the court by which the subpocan awa issued. If objection has been made, the party serving the subpocan may, upon notice to the person commanded to produce, move at any time for an order to compel the production, inspection, copying, testing, or sampling. Such an order to compel shall protect any person who is not a party or an officer of a party from significant expense resulting from the inspection, copying, testing, or sampling commanded.

(3) (A) On timely motion, the court by which a subpoena was issued shall quash or modify the subpoena if it

(i) fails to allow reasonable time for compliance;

(ii) requires a person who is not a party or an officer of a party to travel to a place more than 100 miles from the place where that person resides, is employed or regularly transacts business in person, except that, subject to the provisions of clause (c)(3)(B)(iii) of this rule, such a person may in order to attend trial be commanded to travel from any such place within the state in which the trial is held;

(iii) requires disclosure of privileged or other protected matter and no exception or waiver applies; or

(iv) subjects a person to undue burden.

(B) if a subpoena

- (i) requires disclosure of a trade secret or other confidential research, development, or commercial information, or
- (ii) requires disclosure of an unretained expert's opinion or information not describing specific events or occurrences in dispute and resulting from the expert's study made not at the request of any party, or
- (iii) requires a person who is not a party or an officer of a party to incur substantial expense to travel more than 100 miles to attend trial, the court may, to protect a person subject

to or affected by the subpoena, quash or modify the subpoena or, if the party in whose behalf the subpoena is issued shows a substantial need for the testimony or material that cannot be otherwise met without undue hardship and assures that the person to whom the subpoena is addressed will be reasonably compensated, the court may order appearance or production only upon specified conditions.

- (d) DUTIES IN RESPONDING TO SUBPOENA.
- (1) (A) A person responding to a subpoena to produce documents shall produce them as
 they are kept in the usual course of business or shall organize and label them to correspond with
 the categories in the demand.
- (B) If a subpoena does not specify the form or forms for producing electronically stored information, a person responding to a subpoena must produce the information in a form or forms in which the person ordinarily maintains it or in a form or forms that are reasonably usable.
- (C) A person responding to a subpoena need not produce the same electronically stored information in more than one form.
- (D) A person responding to a subpoena need not provide discovery of electronically stored information from sources that the person identifies as not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. On motion to compel discovery or to quash, the person from whom discovery is sought must show that the information sought is not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. If that showing is made, the court may nonetheless order discovery from such sources if the requesting party shows good cause, considering the limitations of Rule 26(b)(2)(C). The court may specify conditions for the discovery.

(2) (A) When information subject to a subpoena is withheld on a claim that it is privileged or subject to protection as trial-preparation materials, the claim shall be made expressly and shall be supported by a description of the nature of the documents, communications, or things not produced that is sufficient to enable the demanding party to contest the claim.

(B) If information is produced in response to a subpoena that is subject to a claim of privilege or of protection as trial-preparation material, the person making the claim may notify any party that received the information of the claim and the basis for it. After being notified, a party must promptly return, sequester, or destroy the specified information and any copies it has and may not use or disclose the information until the claim is resolved. A receiving party may promptly present the information to the court under seal for a determination of the claim. If the receiving party disclosed the information before being notified, it must take reasonable steps to retrieve it. The person who produced the information must preserve the information until the claim is resolved.

(e) CONTEMPT. Failure of any person without adequate excuse to obey a subpoena served upon that person may be deemed a contempt of the court from which the subpoena issued. An adequate cause for failure to obey exists when a subpoena purports to require a nonparty to attend or produce at a place not within the limits provided by clause (ii) of subparagraph (c)(3)(A).